





## INTIMATIONS

## G. FALCONER &amp; CO., LTD.,

## WATCHMAKERS &amp; JEWELLERS.

DIAMOND BRACELETS, RINGS, BROOCHES,  
SILVER CUPS, TEA SETS, CIGARETTE CASES  
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AGENTS FOR  
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## WING KEE &amp; CO.,

Not. 47, 48 and 49, CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL  
SHIPHANDLERS, SAILMAKERS, PROVISION MERCHANTS, COAL  
MERCHANTS, &c., &c., OF FIFTY YEARS STANDING  
SHIP CAPTAINS ARE REQUESTED TO GIVE US A TRIAL.  
FRANCISCO TSE YAT, General Manager.  
Hongkong, August 12, 1908.

THE KAILAN MINING  
ADMINISTRATION.

## KAIPING COAL

New well-known throughout the East for  
STEAM RAISING, FORGING, STEEL MAKING, SHIPS' BUNKERS AND  
HOUSEHOLD PURPOSES.

## KAIPING COKE

Computes with the best quality English Coke for  
FOUNDRY, SMELTING AND HOUSEHOLD PURPOSES.

FIREBRICKS  
FIRECLAY,  
STOCKS ALWAYS ON HAND.

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## THE CHINA MAIL, LTD

UNDERTAKES

## ALL SORTS OF ARTISTIC JOB-PRINTING

such as:

INVITATION CARDS, MENUS, DANCE AND ENTERTAINMENT  
PROGRAMMES, CIRCULARS, PAMPHLETS, BOOKS, PROSPER-  
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Obtain quotations from

THE CHINA MAIL OFFICE.

5 Wyndham Street.

European Supervision

Moderate Price

A Natural  
Remedy

Time was when disease was thought to be due  
to the direct influence of evil spirits, and exorcism  
and magic were invoked to cast it out.

Science has taught us wisdom. The evil  
spirits exist still. We call them "Disease  
Germs," and they also must be cast out. Once  
lodged in the stomach or intestines, fever with  
its hallucinations, or biliousness with its aches  
and pains, is the result.

ENO'S  
FRUIT SALT

is the approved remedy for driving out disease  
germs. Its action is quick and thorough. It  
clears the intestines, rouses the torpid liver to new  
life, stimulates the mucous membrane to a healthy  
action, and cleanses and invigorates the whole  
digestive tract.

It may be safely taken at any time by young  
or old.

It is very effective in the early stage of Diarrhoea  
by removing the irritating cause.

Be prepared for emergencies by always keeping  
a bottle in the house.

Prepared on y by

ENO, LTD., "FRUIT SALT" WORKS, LONDON, ENGLAND.  
SOLD BY CHEMISTS AND STORES EVERYWHERE.

## INTIMATIONS

MITSU BISHIGOSHI KWAISHA  
(MITSU BISHI CO.)

## COAL DEPARTMENT.

SOLE PROPRIETORS OF YAMA-  
HIMA, OCHI, MUTARE, YO-  
SHINOTANI, KISHIDAKE, WAKA-  
KANADA, NAKATATE, SAKU,  
KAWAYAMA and KAMİYAMADA  
Collieries.

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Co.

SINGAPORE: Messrs Rorono Co.  
Ltd.

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For particulars, apply to:

K. KATO,

No. 2, PEDDER STREET,  
HONGKONG.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANK-  
ING CORPORATION.

THE DIVIDEND DECLARED for the  
Half Year ending 31st December  
1914, at the rate of Two Pounds three  
shillings Sterling together with a Bonus of  
Five shillings Sterling per share of £125.  
is payable on and after MONDAY the 22nd  
day of February, current, at the Office of  
the Corporation, where Shareholders  
are requested to apply for Warrants.

By Order of the Court of Directors,

N. J. STABB,

Chief Manager.

Hongkong, Feb. 21, 1915.

## DAIRY FARM NEWS.

Reduction in Prices  
FROM 22nd FEBRUARY.  
We are pleased to announce that  
we have reduced our prices of:

## LOCAL MEATS

## OWN FED POULTRY

New Price Lists dated 20th  
February, 1915 can be had on  
application.

**MARTIN'S**  
**APIOL STEEL**  
**PILLS**

A French Remedy for all Fevers, Headaches, Stomach Disorders, and all ailments arising from indigestion, biliousness, or any form of liver complaint. It is a powerful purgative, and its action is quick and thorough. It is sold in all chemists and druggists.

**MARTIN'S**  
**APIOL STEEL**  
**PILLS**

## SINGON &amp; CO.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1880.

IRON STEEL METAL and HARD  
WARE MERCHANTS. Wholesale  
and Retail Ironmongers, Pig Iron and  
Foundry Coke Importers. General Store-  
keepers and Shipchandlers. Nos. 35 and  
37, HING LOONG STREET, (2nd Street, west  
of Central Market) Telephone No. 512.  
Hongkong, September 4, 1912.

## SIEN TING.

Surgeon Dentist.

No. 14, D'ARCADE STREET.

TERMS VERY MODERATE

Consultation.

THE ALEXANDRA CAFE cannot be  
beaten. It is equalled. For Brand  
Cakes, Confectionery, Meats with Wines &  
Liquors.

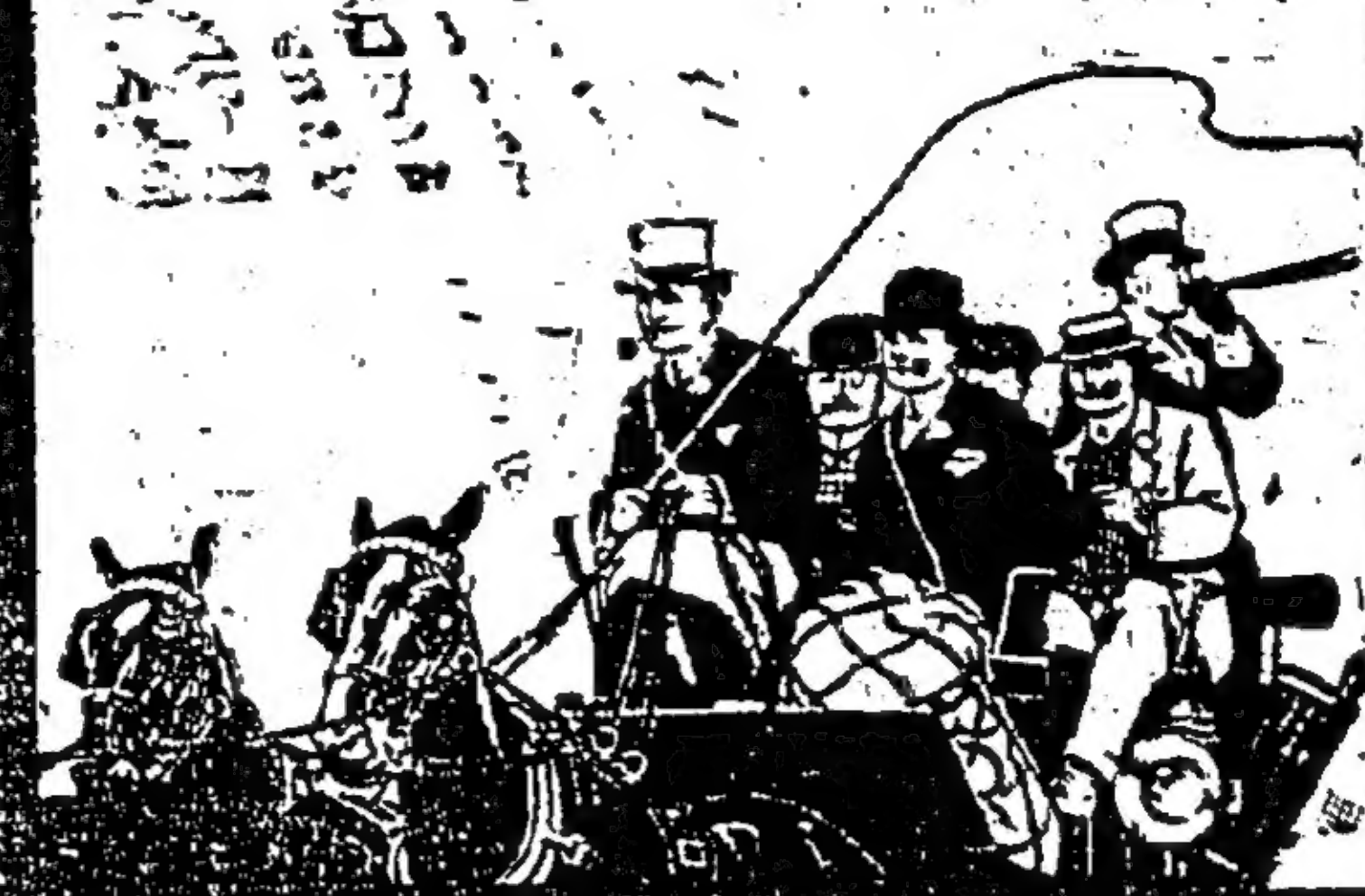
SMOKED EVERYWHERE BY  
(NEARLY) EVERYBODY.

No. 6, Driving.

"THE MIXTURE OF  
MATCHLESS MERIT."

**"GARRICK"  
MIXTURE**

Lambert & Butler, England.



Also GARRICK VIRGINIAN CIGARETTES  
A Satisfying Smoke At All Times.

## ACTRESS'S LIBEL SUIT

£1,200 DAMAGES FOR MISS GLADYS  
COOPER.

Great interest was taken in an action  
for libel tried yesterday (says "The  
Daily Telegraph") at 11.30 before the  
Lord Chief Justice, and a special jury.  
The law courts, the plaintiff being  
Miss H. J. Buckmaster, better known  
by her professional name of Miss Gladys  
Cooper, and the defendants the company  
owning the "London Mail," a weekly  
newspaper, and the printers, Messrs.  
Walbrook (Ltd.).

Mrs. Buckmaster complained of a para-  
graph which appeared in the paper  
on July 11, 1914, alleging that  
by innuendo it suggested that divorce  
proceedings were being brought against  
her. The defence was that the para-  
graph, in which no names appeared, did  
not refer to her at all. The jury awarded  
plaintiff £1,200 damages.

Many people connected with the stage  
attended the proceedings.  
Plaintiff was represented by Sir F.  
Low, K.C., and Mr. H. A. McCallin,  
(instructed by Ollier Smith and Co.);  
the "London Mail" (Ltd.) by Mr.  
R. H. Swift, K.C., and Mr. F. Temple  
Barrington-Ward (instructed by Close and  
Co.); and Messrs. Walbrook by Mr.  
V. H. H. C. C., and Mr. R. M. Givens  
(instructed by Walbrook and Hosken).

ROUSING REMOVALS.  
Sir F. Low, standing in his opening,  
that plaintiff was very well known in-  
deed, and had made great and rapid pro-  
gress in the dramatic profession. Like  
all persons who made rapid progress in  
any avocation which brought them be-  
fore the public, she was exposed to  
jealousy and attack, and during a period  
of some eighteen months some person  
or persons circulated rumours about her  
which were as baseless as they were de-  
luminatory. In 1908 she became engaged  
to a gentleman named Buckmaster, who  
was at present serving in a cavalry regi-  
ment raised to meet the existing emer-  
gency.

The engagement was a short one, and  
as the young lady was only 20 years of  
age, her near relatives thought it was un-  
wise she should be married so young,  
and to that extent they opposed the  
marriage. Notwithstanding this objec-  
tion, Miss Cooper determined to get  
married, and the marriage took place at  
St. George's, Hanover-square. The in-  
dividuals were only issued the night be-  
fore, and there were only one or two  
very near friends present. This matter  
had a most important bearing on the  
alleged libel.

## DEFINITION OF PHOTOGRAPH.

Miss Cooper had appeared in a num-  
ber of plays which proved great suc-  
cess, and among the actors with whom  
she had been prominently associated was  
Mr. Denis Eadie. Amongst her other  
friends was Mr. Gustav Hamel, a promi-  
nent aviator, who unfortunately met  
his death while flying. The rumours set  
about coupled her with both these gen-  
tlemen. Sometimes they took the form  
of suggesting that her husband was bring-  
ing divorce proceedings against her, and  
that they were to be the co-respondents.  
These rumours going about from mouth  
to mouth caused her, and those interest-  
ed in her, a great deal of anxiety and  
suffering.

With a view to stopping them, she  
had photographs taken of herself, her  
husband, and her little daughter, hoping  
they would show that at the time these  
statements were being made she was  
living with her husband in the most  
amiable domestic relationship. That  
was the state of things in July, 1914,  
when the matter came to be taken up  
by the "London Mail," a paper which  
was claimed to have a very large circula-  
tion, and apparently resorted to a type  
of libel which was the most difficult to  
meet, inasmuch as it was libel by in-  
nuendo. In other words, it did not

## name the person who was being defamed,

but stated a number of circumstances  
which would convey to the mind of per-  
sons acquainted with the party referred  
to that he or she was the person meant.

In the issue of July 11, 1914, there  
appeared on the cover a number of para-  
graphs under the headline "You must  
read," also the motto, "We lay the  
truth." Inside was the following para-  
graph, preceded by the word "Hush":

Heaven and earth are being moved, in  
the popular phrase, to hold in check a  
scandal of the highest order, which looms  
darkly over the stage. I cannot obviously  
say more at present than that you all  
know and admire the lady, ditto the man  
in the case. A second name, that of a  
man since tragically gone, is also men-  
tioned, but will, I earnestly hope, be  
stricken from the suit should it come on.  
Despite the publication of pictures show-  
ing complete domestic bliss, she was  
never really happily wed, which was  
entirely her own fault, inasmuch as she  
submitted to the registry office against the  
advice of all. As for the prospective  
co-respondent, well—his marriage was  
infamous.

## WHO WAS MEANT?

The defamatory character of this para-  
graph, submitted counsel, could not be  
disputed. The only defence put for-  
ward was that it did not apply to Miss  
Gladys Cooper. The one question the  
jury had to try, except that of damages,  
was—did it apply to her? In order to  
ascertain the legal meaning of "applica-  
tion," it was no answer to a charge of  
libel to say, "I did not intend that  
libel should apply to you," the plain-  
tiff, who is complaining—"the only ques-  
tion, who is complaining?"—the only ques-  
tion, was, did the defamatory matter  
really bring to the minds of persons read-  
ing it that that person was the person  
complained of.

This paragraph applied to Miss  
Cooper, he did not think the jury would  
have any doubt as to all, in view of the  
rumours that were being circulated, and  
the circulation of the photograph he had  
mentioned.

Proceeding, he intimated with regard  
to Mr. Gustav Hamel that he was a man  
of extraordinary courage and ability, that  
he had been acquainted for some time  
with Miss Cooper and her husband, and  
that on one occasion Miss Cooper made  
an ascent with him at Hendon—a fact  
which certainly showed that she had  
confidence in him. Miss Cooper met  
Mr. Hamel on other occasions, but that  
was all public property.

Taking all the facts together, counsel  
submitted there could be no sort of doubt  
that the person who inserted the para-  
graph in "The London Mail" had heard  
of the rumours, and intended to go as  
near as possible to saying Miss Cooper,  
and that there were two co-respondents.  
Could they imagine a more cruel and  
wicked way of attacking the reputation  
of an innocent woman who had lived for  
six years in perfect happiness with her  
husband, and had made for herself a  
position on the stage second to that of

The Man Who  
Gets There

In the man who has blood—  
real rich red blood and  
plenty of it—in his body.

**WATERBURY'S  
METABOLIZED  
COD LIVER OIL  
COMPOUND**  
makes blood—lots of it—life-  
giving, brain-nourishing,  
strength-replenishing blood.

OF ALL CHEMISTS

Price: 21.50 and 22.25.

nobody of her age and experience. If  
he made out his charge he should ask  
the jury to give her ample compensation,  
and so try to put a stop to a form of  
libel upon persons in public and quasi-  
public positions which, despite the ex-  
perience of these courts, did not seem  
to have ceased.

## HAPPY MARRIAGE.

Miss Gladys Cooper, giving evidence,  
said she was married in December, 1908.  
She was then 19, and her parents did  
not approve of such an early marriage.  
Only a few friends were present at the  
wedding, and only about twelve were given  
thereat. Her life with her husband had  
been a happy one. In 1911 she entered  
into theatrical association with Mr.  
Dennis Eadie, and in 1912 she played in  
"The Pigeon" and "Milestones" with  
him. Afterwards she played in "Diplo-  
macy" and "The Pursuit of Pamela,"  
and other plays.

Frequently she lunched with Mr.  
Eadie, Mrs. Eadie sometimes being pre-  
sent. Mr. Hamel she first met in 1913.  
She took an interest in aviation, and  
met Mr. Hamel at lunch and at various  
social occasions, her husband being aware  
of these meetings and of the occasions  
when she met Mr. Eadie. On one occa-  
sion she made an ascent with Mr. Hamel  
at Hendon, an event to which some pub-  
licity was given.

Some time in 1913 did certain painful  
rumours come to your knowledge?—Yes.  
What names were associated with the  
rumours?—Mr. Eadie and Mr. Hamel.  
What was the nature of the rumours?  
—That I was going to be divorced, and  
Mr. Eadie and Mr. Hamel were men-  
tioned in the proceedings.

Did you have these rumours more than  
once?—A great many times.  
From different sources?—Yes.  
Did it become a matter of grave an-  
xiety to you?—Yes.

And affected your health?—Yes.  
Was there the faintest ground for the  
suggestion you had been guilty of any  
immorality at all with either of the two  
gentlemen?—No.

## THE PARAGRAPH.

Did you try to ascertain the source?  
—They were everywhere. It was al-  
most impossible.

In spite of all she did, witness said,  
the paragraph appeared, and she took  
it to refer to herself, Mr. Eadie, and Mr.  
Hamel.

"Don't mind my putting the ques-  
tion," said Mr. McCallin, "but you are  
well known and admired by many, are  
you not?"  
—Yes.

And Mrs. Eadie also?—Yes.

Do you know of any conjunction of  
persons to whom it could have referred  
except yourself?—No.

A writ was at once issued, witness  
said, and defendants immediately pub-  
lished a statement that they could not see  
how their paragraph could possibly be  
associated with Miss Cooper, as no re-  
ference was intended, or could be sup-  
posed to be intended to her. They were  
most anxious the lady should not suffer  
any pain, and they greatly regretted if  
this should have been the case.

Miss Cooper said that the reputation  
of the rumours had affected her health.  
Mr. Swift: You know now that the  
"London Mail" says it did not intend  
to refer to you?—Yes.

And they said that as the first oppor-  
tunity they got?—Yes.

Apart from the rumours, there is no-  
thing in the paragraph at all like you,  
is there—except, I beg your pardon, that  
you are well known and admired?—No.

There was no scandal whatever con-  
nected with you, was there?—Except the  
rumours.

There are a great many ladies on the  
stage of whom it may be said that "you  
all know and admire them."—Yes.

Mr. Swift: And a great many men—  
though this man is not necessarily on  
the stage.

AN INTERFERER IN SCANDALS.  
Sir Frederick Low: Is it a scandal  
of the highest order?

Mr. Swift: Well, if an intruder gets  
into a scandal he may make a scandal.  
I suppose. There were two or three  
well-known men who met with tragic  
ends about this time, were there not?

Witness:—Yes.

You remember the Empress of Ireland  
going down?—There were a lot of well-  
known people who met with tragic ends  
then?—Yes.

Including one or more people well-  
known on the stage?—Yes.

There were other tragedies in the early  
part of 1914?—Yes.

These are a name in my mind. I don't  
want to cause pain to anyone. Will your  
lordship allow me to write down a name?  
The Lord Chief Justice: I am at pre-  
sent at a loss to know why there is any  
name which can be mentioned in this  
connection which cannot be mentioned  
in court.

Mr. Swift: If you think I cannot be  
hurting anyone's feelings.

The Lord Chief Justice: Only the  
most exceptional circumstances would  
induce me to consent to a name not being  
mentioned. There may be cases in  
which it would not be desirable.

(Continued on page 3.)

**THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.**  
**THERAPION No. 1**  
CURE FOR ALL RHEUMATISM, GOUT, GRAVEL, NEURALGIA, MIGRAINE, SCIATICA, BRUISES, SWELLINGS, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE JOINTS.  
**THERAPION No. 2**  
CURE FOR ALL BRUISES, SWELLINGS, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE JOINTS.  
**THERAPION No. 3**  
CURE FOR ALL BRUISES, SWELLINGS, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE JOINTS.

## INTIMATIONS

## HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB.

## RACE MEETING, 1915.

Monday, Tuesday,  
Wednesday, & Saturday  
(off-day).

22nd, 23rd, 24th and  
27th February.

TICKETS OF ADMISSION to the  
GRAND STAND AND ENCLOSURE  
may be obtained from Messrs Kelly and  
Wah, Ltd., or at the Gate. Price \$7 for  
the 21st (including the Off Day), or \$5  
per day. Tickets for the Off Day, \$3.  
No one admitted without a Ticket, to be  
shown to the Ticket Inspector at the Gate.  
N.B.—Notice is hereby given that a  
large proportion of the Receipts accruing  
to the Club will be devoted to the Prince  
of Wales National Relief Fund. A Grant  
will also be made to the Hongkong Ladies  
Benevolent Fund to assist in meeting cases  
of distress caused by the War.

T. F. HOUGH,  
Clerk of the Course.  
Hongkong, Feb. 13, 1915.

## HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB.

THE STEWARDS request the pleas-  
ure of the presence of the LADIES  
at the GRAND STAND and the  
ENCLOSURE during the Races.  
A Stand and Enclosure will be reserved  
for Members and Members' Wives and  
Families. Tickets for which are being sent  
out with the Members' Tickets.  
All Tickets must be produced to gain  
admission.  
Special accommodation will be reserved  
as in recent years for Chinese Ladies and  
their Female attendants in the Stand  
erected on the plot of ground next to the  
Lushan Club Stand.

T. F. HOUGH,  
Clerk of the Course.

Hongkong, Feb. 13, 1915.

## HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB.

NO Servants will be allowed inside the  
ENCLOSURE of the Race Course  
during the Race Days WITHOUT  
TICKETS, which can be had on application  
to the Undersecretary. These Tickets are  
only available for Servants while in  
attendance on their employers or when on  
duty at the various Stands.  
Any Chinese found loitering about with  
Servants' passes in their possession will  
forfeit them and the holder therefore will  
be measured from the Enclosure.

T. F. HOUGH,  
Clerk of the Course.

Hongkong, Feb. 13, 1915.

## RACE HOLIDAYS.

THE LOCAL BANKS will be CLOSED  
for the Transaction of EXCHANGE  
Business on MONDAY, TUESDAY and  
WEDNESDAY the 22nd, 23rd and 24th  
instant, at 11.45 a.m.

Hongkong, Feb. 20, 1915.

HERE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION  
OF HONGKONG.

## RACE HOLIDAYS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all  
FIRE INSURANCE OFFICES  
will be CLOSED for the Transaction of  
PUBLIC BUSINESS on MONDAY,  
TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, 22nd,  
23rd and 24th February, respectively at  
11.45 a.m.

By Order, A. R. LOWE,  
Secretary.

Hongkong, Feb. 19, 1915.

MARINE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION  
OF HONGKONG.

## RACE HOLIDAYS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all  
MARINE INSURANCE OFFICES  
will be CLOSED for the Transaction of  
PUBLIC BUSINESS on MONDAY,  
TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, 22nd,  
23rd and 24th February, respectively at  
11.45 a.m.

By Order, A. R. LOWE,  
Secretary.

Hongkong, Feb. 19, 1915.

## JAPANESE MAKERS.

## Every kind of Footwear.

MADE  
TO  
ORDER

CHERRY & CO.,  
PEDDER STREET,  
Opposite Hongkong Hotel,  
Telephone No. 491.  
Hongkong, March 20, 1914.

DON'T Forget after the Show, Supper,  
and Light Refreshments.

ALEXANDRA CAFE.

Open Till Midnight.





**Hughes and Hough**

ATTORNEYS TO THE GOVERNMENT  
AND ADMIRALTY.

General Auctioneers  
AND  
Share, Coal and  
General Brokers.

PROPRIETORS  
"TO-KWA-YAN"  
COAL STORAGE.

Codes used:  
A.B.C. 1st & 2nd Editions.  
A.L. TELEGRAPHIC CODE.

Telegraphic Address  
MEIRON HONGKONG.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (for account of the concerned) on

THURSDAY and FRIDAY,  
the 25th and 26th February, 1915,  
commencing each day at 2.30 p.m.,  
at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,  
Des Vaux Road, Corner of  
Ice House Street.

A VERY VALUABLE COLLECTION OF  
OLD CHINESE PORCELAINS,  
BRONZES, BRASSES, AND CARVED  
IVORIES, &c.

Comprising—  
Pakinese Cloisonne and Enamel, a  
choice collection of Snuff Bottles, Chinese  
Water Colours and Inlaid Screens, and  
some very rare Specimens of Porcelains.

Also  
Several pieces of Ming Bronze taken  
from Peking at the time of the Boxer Re-  
bellion.

On view from Monday the 22nd.  
Catalogues will be issued.  
Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,  
Auctioneers.  
Hongkong, February 11, 1915. 137

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, on

TUESDAY,  
the 2nd March, 1915, commencing at  
2.30 p.m. at their Sales Rooms,  
No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner  
of Ice House Street.

SEVERAL LOTS OF  
NEW TEAKWOOD FURNITURE, AND  
SUNDRY BLACKWOOD  
FURNITURE, &c.

As follows:—  
Upholstered Drawing Room and Bedroom  
Suits, Bedroom Furniture, Dining Room  
Furniture, Arm-chairs and Sofa, Carpets  
and Rugs, Brass and Bronze-mounted  
Bedsteads, Toilet Tables, Wardrobes,  
Washstands, &c. Sideboards, Dinner  
Waggon, Extension Dining Tables and  
Chairs, &c., &c., Dinner and Dessert  
Services, Crockery, Glass and E.P. Ware,  
Cooking Stoves, Cutlery, &c., &c.

Also  
3 Blackwood Cabinets, 1 Large 4-fold  
Blackwood Screen (Porcelain Panels), and  
Blackwood Fire Screen, Stands, Teapots,  
Saddles, &c. Two Pianos, Marble Clocks,  
Two Combination Scales, Remington Type-  
writers, Brass Fenders and Fire Screens  
(new), and a few lots of Table Linen, 1  
Saddle and 1 Rubber Tyred Ricksha,  
&c., &c., &c.

(Full Particulars from Catalogues.)  
Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,  
Auctioneers.  
Hongkong, Feb. 20, 1915. 161

EUROPEAN AGENCY.

WHOLESALE Indents promptly  
executed at lowest cash prices  
for all British and Continental goods,  
including

Books and Stationery,  
Boots, Shoes and Leather,  
Chemicals and Druggists' Sundries,  
China, Earthenware and Glassware,  
Cycles, Motor Cars and Accessories,  
Drugs, Millinery and Fashions Goods,  
Fancy Goods and Perfumery,  
Hardware, Machinery and Metals,  
Jewellery, Plate and Watches,  
Photographs and Optical Goods,  
Provisions and Olives' Stores,  
&c., &c., &c.

Commission 2 1/2% to 6%.  
Trade Discounts allowed.  
Special Quotations on Demand.  
Sample Cases from 500 upwards.  
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is, that the maturing of whisky by time and  
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bond can it acquire the mellowness for which

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JOHN WALKER & SONS LTD.  
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Even those  
still going  
strong.

### ACTRESS'S LIBEL SUIT

(Continued from page 1.)

Mr. Swift said there were other men  
whose names were familiar who met  
with tragic ends about that time. There  
was one—he did not know if Miss Cooper  
knew him—who came within the descrip-  
tion of tragically gone.

The Lord Chief Justice: If he is  
tragically gone it can't hurt him.

Mr. Swift: On the morning of Ir-  
land there was Mr. Laurence Irving?

Witness: Yes.  
Do you remember Sir Denis Amos  
being drowned in the Thames? I don't  
know if you knew him or not. It does  
not affect the matter.—Yes.

THEATRICAL DOMESTIC BLISS.  
Counsel suggested that it was a com-  
mon thing to see photographs suggestive  
of domestic bliss of people on the stage.

The Lord Chief Justice: Is domestic  
bliss on the stage confined to pictures?

Mr. Swift: It is a common form of  
theatrical advertisement, is it not, to  
have pictures of domestic happiness ap-  
pearing in the papers?

Witness: Not very common, I think.  
"She was never really happily wed."  
That is an absolutely false description  
of you?—Yes.

Not the slightest suggestion for saying  
that would be a proper description of  
you?—No.

"Bushed" to is registry office? does  
not describe you?—No.

Was Mr. Hamel married?—No.

Is there the slightest foundation for  
saying Mr. Hamel's marriage was ludi-  
crous?—No.

So that the description of the pros-  
pective correspondent would not apply to  
Mr. Hamel or Mr. Edie?—No.

Counsel made some reference to stop-  
ping the rumour.

The Lord Chief Justice: Can you  
tell me how to stop a rumour? (Laughter.)

Witness said she sent a letter to the  
newspapers saying there was no founda-  
tion for the rumour, and had since been  
continuously occupied in her profession.

Mr. Herbert John Buckmaster, plain-  
tiff's husband, who was in uniform and  
is an officer in a reserve cavalry reg-  
iment, said his attention was first called  
to the paper by his sister, and he con-  
sidered that the paragraph referred to  
his wife. Mr. Edie and Mr. Hamel  
were his friends as well as his wife's,  
and he knew of no other four persons  
in theatricals so whom the paragraph  
could refer.

Mr. George Herbert Stacey, deputy-  
chairman of the Huntingdon Quarter  
Sessions, and who is married to Mr.  
Buckmaster's sister, said that some  
twelve months before the paragraph  
appeared he had heard the rumour  
spoken of. He had a boy at Eton, and  
seeing a picaresque "Eton Scandal," he  
bought this paper.

Sir Frederick Low: Was that your  
excuse for buying it?—Yes. (Laughter.)

On reading the paragraph, witness  
said, he took it to refer to Miss Cooper.

PICKED UP IN THE TRAIN.

Mr. Swift: Had you seen the "Lon-  
don Mail" before?—Once or twice.

Had you bought it then?—No; I think  
I picked it up in the train. (Laughter.)

"Everyone who knew I had the  
honour of being connected with Miss  
Cooper used to say, 'How sorry I am  
to hear of the trouble,'" said the wit-  
ness.

What did you say?—I always used  
to deny it.

Did you always ask what trouble?—  
I cannot repeat conversations, but it  
was always in connection with Mr.  
Edie.

Mr. Francis W. Town, joint manager  
of the Midland Railway Hotel, said he  
and his wife were friends of plaintiff.  
He heard the rumour, and while in the  
North of England in July last he bought  
the "London Mail," and noticed the  
paragraph. He thought it referred to  
Miss Cooper, Mr. Edie, and Mr. Hamel.  
He had previously seen the photograph,

and recognised the allusion to it in the  
paragraph.

In cross-examination, witness said he  
had in his mind the names of three  
people who mentioned the rumour to  
him.

Mr. Vachell: As far as anyone can  
know, judging from the photograph,  
there is never a single moment of un-  
happiness or anxiety among people con-  
nected with the stage. It is a com-  
mon thing to see alleged domestic bliss  
on the part of persons connected with  
the profession?—No.

The lady, the gentleman, the baby, if  
there is one, and the bicycle?—I have  
seen very little.

I suppose there are other couples in  
theatrical circles who enjoy domestic  
bliss?—I have the privilege of knowing  
a good many.

Mr. Frederick Thompson, dramatic  
author, now an officer in the Royal Naval  
Volunteer Reserve, said the paragraph  
was mentioned to him, and Mr. Buck-  
master showed it to him. He formed  
the opinion that it undoubtedly referred  
to Miss Cooper and the two gentlemen  
whose names had been mentioned. Wit-  
ness had frequently heard the rumour.  
He could point to no one else to whom  
the paragraph could be applied.

MR. DENNIS EDIE.

Mr. Dennis Edie said he had read the  
paragraph, and considered it referred to  
Miss Cooper. He still had no doubt as  
to this.

Is there any truth in the suggestion?  
—Not the slightest.

Mr. Swift: Did you identify "the  
man we all know and admire"?—Yes.  
Who as?—Dennis Edie. (Laughter.)

Mr. Vachell: "As for the prospective  
correspondent—his marriage was ludi-  
crous." Does that apply to you?—No.

Mr. Frank Correll, a lieutenant in the  
cavalry, said he took the paragraph to  
refer to Miss Cooper.

Mr. Swift: How did you come to see  
"The London Mail"? Did you buy it  
or pick it up in the train, or what?

Witness: I used to read it pretty  
regularly. (Laughter.)

Mr. Swift: It is almost a pleasure to  
meet you. (Laughter.)

The Lord Chief Justice: The first  
regular contributor. (Laughter.)

Mr. Swift: I shall regard Mr. Correll  
almost as an old friend. (Laughter.)

Counsel for the defendants intimated  
that they should call no evidence.

Addressing the jury, Mr. Bigby Swift  
submitted that no reasonable person  
could infer that the paragraph related to  
Miss Cooper.

Mr. Vachell asked who could say,  
putting out of his mind the rumour,  
that this paragraph fitted the case of  
Miss Gladys Cooper? Speaking on the  
question of damages, counsel said Sir  
Frederick Low had been soaring and  
singing like a Zepplin out of control.  
(Laughter.) He (Mr. Vachell) had been  
looking forward to the time when, but  
for the fact that he did not want to be  
uncomplimentary, they might let out  
some of the gas. (Laughter.) Miss  
Cooper had not lost a single friend, nor  
had she suffered professionally. Did

they think she was thought the less of  
by the man she was able enough to go  
over and help to entertain the other  
day?

The Lord Chief Justice, in his sum-  
ming up, said that if the person who  
wrote the paragraph wished to establish  
that he had not Miss Cooper in his mind,  
then it was open to him to come into the  
witness-box and prove it. No one who  
penned libels was to be allowed to shelter  
himself behind his counsel if it was  
necessary for him to show, or if he  
wished to show, he did not in fact mean  
a certain person. The question for the  
jury was: Were they of opinion reason-  
able and sensible people might have  
come to the opinion that this article re-  
ferred to plaintiff?

The jury returned a verdict for plain-  
tiff, and assessed the damages at £1,500.  
Judgment was entered accordingly, with  
costs.

## ENTERTAINMENT

THE TRE ROYAL  
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ITALIAN GRAND  
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TO-NIGHT!

2ND FEBRUARY:  
"MIGNON."

TUESDAY, 23RD FEBRUARY:  
"OTELLO."

WEDNESDAY, 24TH FEBRUARY:  
"ERENANI."

THURSDAY, 25TH FEBRUARY:  
"TOSCA."

FRIDAY, 26TH FEBRUARY:  
"BARRIERE DE SEVIGLIA."

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Hongkong, February 22, 1915. 158

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costs.

THE BOTTLING UP OF THE  
KONIGSBERG.

A Graphic Story.

Captain Willett, of Leigh-on-Sea, has  
just returned from South Africa, and  
has been able to give an exciting story  
of the sinking of the Konigsberg.

A steamer, he says, was observed going  
out of the River Taff, just behind Mafia  
Islands; her movements aroused sus-  
picion, she was chased, and was recog-  
nised as the German Fast African liner  
Small. Soon after the Konigsberg was  
located higher up the stream. Both  
were shelled by the British cruisers, and  
the Small was sunk. The Konigsberg  
got out of range and out of sight by  
working her way up the river for a long  
distance. She was too far away to allow  
of being effectively shelled, so, to pre-  
vent her slipping away again, it was  
decided to "bottle her up."

To effect this boat Captain Willett's  
tactics, the Newbridge, was requisitioned.  
This vessel had on board a cargo of  
1,500 tons of coal. Her own crew were  
taken out and replaced by naval officers  
and bluejackets. Captain Willett, how-  
ever, remaining on board. Sundrags  
were placed forward, and sacks of coal  
piled up, whilst steel sheet was used for  
their protection. These preparations  
were carried out with the greatest skill,  
but the Germans were intimate with the  
visit of the Newbridge and the object  
of her last voyage. Consequently they  
had made every preparation to give those  
on board a very warm reception.

There is a small island at the entrance  
to the river, and a number of the Konig-  
sberg's crew had entrenched themselves  
here, supported by machine and quick-  
firing land from the bottled up cruiser.  
Lieutenant Johnson, and a Lieut. Com-  
mander with one of the British cruisers,  
together with Captain Willett, were the  
only officers who made the daring trip  
and came within range; but in spite of  
the hail of bullets and shrapnel, only a  
seaman was injured. The Newbridge  
was afterwards manoeuvred for the  
purpose of blocking the channel. Three  
charges of gunpowder were placed in her  
hold, electric wires being led therefrom  
to the turret deck, and connected with  
the launch accompanying the ship on her  
mission. When all was in readiness  
three greys were tapped, followed by three  
explosions, and the ship disappeared.

The launches and boats had to run the  
gambles of the Germans lying in wait for  
them if they proceeded out to join the  
British cruisers. The Cox of the—  
launched was struck in the shoulder by a  
bullet, which came out on the other side  
of his body, and the whole of his left  
breast was blown away. Other casual-  
ties followed, and many were wounded.

It was a gloriously fine night for the  
quaint pilgrimage. On foot, in taxis,  
on omnibuses: the movement was in one  
direction. From Charing Cross to the  
Law Courts—bathed in pale moonbeams,  
the colour of green amber—the tide  
pressed stubbornly "Eastwards." At Lud-  
gate-hill the "crows" had grown thicker.  
Taxis could barely progress.

Presently vehicles were diverted alto-  
gether: the entire roadway was filled to  
overflowing with a seething, surging  
mass. In the great space fronting St.  
Paul's—hundreds, thousands, it seemed,  
had gathered together to welcome the  
New Year. A strange spectacle, these

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KOWLOON					
No. 1 Dock, Kowloon	700'	120'	20'	7'	10'
No. 2 Dock, Kowloon	271'	80'	11'	11'	11'
Patent Slip, No. 1, Kowloon	264'	80'	11'	11'	11'
Patent Slip, No. 2, Kowloon	120'	80'	11'	11'	11'
TAI-KO-KU-SHI					
Cannington Dock	400'	60'	20'	7'	10'
ABANDONED					
Hong Dock	400'	60'	20'	7'	10'
Laufer Dock	300'	60'	20'	7'	10'

Please Address Enquiries to the Chief Manager,

1407

R. M. DYER, B.Sc., M.I.N.E., Whampoa Dock, Hongkong.

but not seriously. The German cruiser  
had so effectively concealed herself not  
only amongst the palms, but by a totally  
covering the ship with foliage that it was  
impossible to locate her exact position.  
To get over this difficulty a steamer  
arrived on the scene with an aeroplane,  
and the position of this hidden cruiser  
was conveyed to the British by means of  
smoke bombs, and very quickly the big  
guns of our ships got the range and la-  
guered the Konigsberg until she sank, and  
Captain Willett is of opinion that her  
crew shared the same fate.—The Daily  
Telegraph.

people, at odd places, breaking into small  
openings to dance and sing. Auld Lang  
Syne, Tipperary, with snatches of Tango  
music, rent the air. Again, one noticed  
soldiers and sailors—this time many  
policemen added. Hundreds of women  
were present. There was no disorder.  
A spell appeared to hang over the entire  
concourse—a spell of auto-suggestion—  
and, while spirits ran high, little evidence  
there was of spirituous liquor.

The monument to Queen Anne stood  
like an island in a sea of hats. The  
steps of St. Paul's Cathedral led to closed  
and bolted doors. High up, above all,  
the dome of the edifice melted eerily  
away from the silvery, greenish tints of  
the moon. At the very pinnacle of the  
dome, rising out of the enchanting moon-  
mists, the great cross of the cathedral  
shone brightly, a wonderful gold. Hand-  
reds of feet below, down in the street,  
down in the gutter, a garish red sign,  
in flaming lighted letters, warned the  
world to "Drive Slowly." The two  
words, in crude contrast to the delicate  
effect which met the eyes on looking up-  
wards, were yet ominous.

Perhaps, withal, they form a useful  
motto for the New Year. As they say  
in Russia, "Go slowly and you will go  
farther." Are not the British people  
bent upon going far—in the New Year?  
As St. Paul's the New Year had come.

### PASSING ON 1914

HOW LONDON SPEEDED THE  
DYING YEAR.

The gloaming of December 31 brought  
more people into the streets of the West  
End than on any other day for months,  
says a writer in The Evening  
Standard. Piccadilly, Regent-street,  
Oxford-street, the theatre districts, were  
thronged with men and women—bent on  
no very obvious errand. They were too  
animated to seem wilful idlers or even  
strangers in the town. They suggested  
"movement." Life, atmosphere, har-  
mony. A charm ran through them all,  
the charm of expectation, for there was  
not a heart or a head among them with-  
out some thrill or thought for the year  
to come.

Soldiers and sailors of the King, from  
Canada or Ceylon, Portsmouth or  
Roxburgh, were peppered throughout the  
streets. Officers and men of the Naval  
Volunteers, Highlanders, men of Lord  
Kitchener's Army, bluejackets, all moved  
about—swiftly or in a new sanitizing  
style without idleness. After dinner, the  
crowds increased round about Piccadilly,  
Circus, Coventry-square, and Leicester-  
square. Leicester-square, with its fresh  
line of life derived in "Tipperary."  
Blue lights and red lights and moon-  
light.

IN THE RESTAURANTS.  
Many restaurants and cafes were  
difficult to enter. In some, the hymns  
of the Allies were played with joyous  
approval. But New Year's Eve was not  
serious: it was very nearly gay. By  
some strange dispensation, no one seemed  
heavy at heart. The losses in life, in  
time, in money, reeled lightly on London.  
Not that the abandon of the moment was  
other than admirable. It displayed the  
vitality of the great Metropolis, its  
stamina, its unconquerable belief in its-  
self. An example to the rest of the  
world. No one looked poor or miserable,  
because poverty and misery were for-  
gotten. The flexible texture of the Eng-  
lish temperament was at work, healing  
wounds wondrously, dwelling little on  
the morbid, glancing ahead rather in  
perfect confidence.

Several cafes presented the true "cabo-  
nonnate" touch of the boulevards or  
Montmartre in the evening. In more  
elegant spheres, smart and pretty women  
were as numerous as ever. After all, it  
was New Year's Eve, the climax of an  
epoch in the world's history.

Charing Cross-road was illuminated by  
a celestial light, which beamed down  
upon the bulky outlines of the National  
Portrait Gallery, the National Gallery,  
and the Nelson Column. The coloured  
windows of St. Martin-in-the-Fields  
showed that a service was being held.  
The mystic radiance of the moon swathed  
Trafalgar-square in a tender, persistent  
light, like a Whistler nocturne. In the  
Strand, the crowds had begun their pil-  
grimage to St. Paul's. A Scottish bonnet  
here and there, a soldier of the Highland  
Light Infantry, a Canadian Highlander,  
men of the Argyll and Sutherland, Scot-  
men in London habit, English, Ameri-  
cans—they were all going to St. Paul's.  
Just as other people under the sun go  
to Mecca or Lourdes.

It was a gloriously fine night for the  
quaint pilgrimage. On foot, in taxis,  
on omnibuses: the movement was in one  
direction. From Charing Cross to the  
Law Courts—bathed in pale moonbeams,  
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## BY TELEGRAPH.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

## THE PROGRESS OF THE WAR.

## MERCHANT VESSELS SUNK IN THE ATLANTIC.

## AMERICAN STEAMER STRIKES A MINE.

## SMALL ENGLISH COASTING STEAMER TORPEDOED.

## MERCHANT STEAMERS SUNK IN THE ATLANTIC.

The steamers "Polara," "Highland Brae" and "Herald" and two sailing vessels have been sunk in the Atlantic presumably by the "Karlshofe."

All the members of the crew, numbering 192, were landed yesterday at Buenos Aires and also fifty-one passengers from the "Highland Brae."

Another telegram states that the "Karlshofe" victims include the Norwegian sailing vessel "Semantha" bound from America for England.

A telegram from Buenos Aires states that the German auxiliary "Holger," which brought the crew and passengers of the steamers above mentioned on the 18th inst., has been interned.

It is now stated that the ships were sunk by the Kron Prinz Wilhelm, which is believed to be in the River Plate with the crews of other vessels.

## A THREE HUNDRED TON COASTER CAUGHT.

London, Feb. 21, 9.55 p.m.

A German submarine sank the 300 ton coaster "Dorchester" off the Gulf of Man, after giving the crew five minutes to leave.

The "Dorchester" only stopped after three shots had been fired.

Five of the crew were then rowed to the submarine, to which an officer used the "Dorchester's" own boat to get alongside.

Bombs were placed amidships and the vessel destroyed.

The crew, who were then turned adrift in their own boats, were rescued by trawlers.

## AMERICAN STEAMER SUNK BY A MINE.

London, Feb. 22, 2.15 a.m.

The "Lokal Anzeiger" states that the American steamer "Evelyn" with cotton from New York to Bremen was sunk by a mine north of Borkum.

The crew was saved by a German steamer.

## STEAMER TORPEDOED NEAR FOLKSTONE.

London, Feb. 20.

The Norwegian tank ship "Bridget" was struck by a torpedo of a German submarine today near Folkstone. The "Bridget" was a neutral ship proceeding from New Orleans to Amsterdam.

## RUSSIA'S WAR EXPENSES.

## NEW ISSUE OF TREASURY BONDS.

London, Feb. 22, 2.15 p.m.

A telegram from Petrograd states that a Ukase orders the issue of two new series of 5 per cent. Treasury bonds, each of 500 million roubles, to cover war expenses.

## MORE GERMAN PIRACY.

## CARDIFF STEAMER TORPEDOED WITHOUT WARNING.

London, Feb. 20.

A German submarine, without warning, today torpedoed the Cardiff steamer Cambank, five miles off Aburgh Bay. The vessel had just taken a pilot on board and was proceeding to Liverpool.

The third engineer and two firemen were killed, and the donkeyman was drowned when trying to jump into a boat. The remainder were saved.

## THE STRUGGLE IN FRANCE AND BELGIUM.

London, Feb. 20, 2.10 a.m.

The Paris evening "communiqué" says—

In Belgium an attack on our trenches to the east of Ypres was repulsed. The enemy had deployed five companies in the first line in an attempted attack near Roclincourt, north of Armentières. The attack was repulsed.

The enemy had deployed five companies in the first line in an attempted attack near Roclincourt, north of Armentières. The attack was repulsed.

Rheims was again bombarded.

In Champagne, in the region of Soissons, Perthes, and Beau Sejour, the enemy, on the night of the 18th and morning of the 19th, delivered five counterattacks with a view to re-taking trenches which we had captured on the previous days. All attacks were repulsed. The fight was continued today, when we made fresh progress in Argonne.

Some German "coups de main," on the night of the 18th and morning of the 19th, failed. We destroyed a blockhouse and occupied the site.

Three German counterattacks on the heights of the Meuse, at Eparges, on trenches which we had captured on the 17th, were arrested by our artillery.

In the Vosges, between Lusse and Wissembach, in the region of Bonhomme, the enemy, after gaining a footing on Hill 607, which was attacked by a regiment, was dislodged this morning by a counterattack of one and a half companies, which held the high ground against violent attacks by the enemy.

Attacks on Sattel, north of the farm at Sadelé, were repulsed.

## "INTENSE BOMBARDMENT" OF YPRES.

Heavy German Losses.

London, Feb. 20, 5.10 p.m.

Today's Paris "communiqué" says—

The Germans bombarded Nieport Bains and the Dunes, and we replied effectively.

The Germans used important forces to attack eastward of Ypres. After an intense bombardment the enemy attacked with the bayonet, but were repulsed, and our artillery enveloped with fire the German reserves which should have supported the attack. The German losses were very heavy.

From the Lys to the Aisne the artillery was active.

It is confirmed that the enemy's losses during the past few days have been considerable.

According to statements made by prisoners, a battalion has been destroyed.

The Germans made a fourth attack on the heights of the Meuse at Les Eparges, but were repulsed by artillery fire.

The enemy continued to make unsuccessful counterattacks on Hill 607. They gained a footing on the eastern spur at Sattel. Fighting continues. It is raining and snowing in the Vosges.

## BY TELEGRAPH.

## CANNONADES AND FUSILADES.

London, Feb. 21, 2.25 a.m.

The evening "communiqué" issued at Paris says—

From Belgium along the whole front to Rheims there have been cannonades and fusillades.

Our action continues in Champagne under good conditions. We repulsed several counterattacks and made fresh progress north of Perthes, occupying a wood which the enemy had strongly organised.

In Argonne there were some engagements of little importance. After repulsing the sixth counter-attack at Les Barges, southward of Verdun, we delivered an attack which enabled us to "enlarge and complete" the progress realised yesterday. We took three machine-guns, two trenches and mortars and 200 prisoners, including several officers. On the positions we carried at Non we found dead belonging to five different regiments.

## ALLIES PROGRESSING IN ALSACE.

London, Feb. 19, 4.50 p.m.

Today's Paris "communiqué" says—

The previous night and day were mostly calm. There was artillery "business" in the Valley of the Aisne. We maintained all positions captured at Perthes.

We repulsed two infantry attacks in the Vosges. Moreover, we consolidated our positions, and are methodically progressing to the north and south of the farm at Sadelé, in Alsace.

## ON THE RUSSIAN FRONT.

## SERIES OF ATTACKS IN THE CARPATHIANS.

London, Feb. 19, 3.50 a.m.

A Petrograd "communiqué" says—

We repulsed a series of attacks in the Carpathians at Lessionki and to the northeast of Stropka.

We captured, at the point of the bayonet, the height north of Volnamidoff.

A Russian battalion at daybreak on the 17th inst. stormed Lannette, in the region of Zavadok, killing all the German defenders.

All the German counterattacks, in unassailable columns, were repulsed.

Desperate fighting has continued for the last two days in the region of Wydzioff. We captured 2,000 prisoners and six machine-guns.

## THE BATTLE AROUND AUGUSTOVO.

London, Feb. 19, 3.50 a.m.

A Petrograd "communiqué" says—

Between the Nippon and the Vistula our troops in the Augustovo region are gradually emerging from the sphere of fighting. An action is developing near Assowiers, on the Lonia roads.

There is no change on the left bank of the Vistula.

An Austrian attack near Onshoff, on the left bank of the Danjez, failed.

## 1,000 GERMANS CAPTURED IN TWO DAYS.

London, Feb. 22, 2.15 a.m.

A Petrograd "communiqué" states that North of the Vistula we captured 1,000 Germans during the last two days.

The enemy took the offensive north of Zakhizne, but their three attacks were repulsed.

Fighting between Zaslavov on the Upper San continues. Fresh German attacks against Kozimovka were repulsed and we captured, after a desperate battle, the heights to the south-east of Takhila in the northwest of Saint Chouva. The enemy occupied Stanishov in Southern Galicia.

## BOMBARDMENT OF THE DARDANELLES.

## ATTACK BY THE ALLIED FLEET.

London, Feb. 20, 5.20 p.m.

The Official Press Bureau announces that at eight o'clock in the morning, yesterday, a British fleet of battleships, battle-cruisers and destroyers, aided by a strong French squadron, the whole being under the command of Vice-Admiral Carden, attacked the forts at the entrance to the Dardanelles.

Forts Capuchelles and Hunkale were bombarded at long range, and the fire produced a considerable effect on these two forts. Two others were frequently hit, but it was difficult to estimate the damage done.

A portion of the battleship fleet was ordered to close in and engage the forts at closer range with their secondary armament.

The forts on both sides of the entrance then opened fire and were engaged at moderate ranges by the "Vengeance," "Cornwallis," "Triumph," "Suffren," "Gaulois" and "Bouvet," supported by the "Indefatigable" and "Agamemnon" at long range.

The forts on the "European" side of the Straits were apparently silenced, but one fort on the Asiatic side was still firing when operations were suspended owing to falling light.

None of the Allies' ships were hit.

The action will be renewed to-day after an aerial reconnaissance.

The aeroplane ship Royal Ark is in attendance with naval aeroplanes and balloons.

## SPORT IN 1915.

## The Effect of the War.

Although it is impossible at the moment to say how far sport will be affected during the spring and summer months by the war, it seems fairly obvious that there will be fewer competitions than for many years past. Whether this will be good for it or bad is a problem which time alone can solve. It has been said of the Englishman that he is too fond of sport, but it is difficult to find justification for such a remark. On the other hand, it may not be wrong in suggesting that the genuine sporting spirit is standing the men of Great Britain in good stead at the present time.

Whether, however, so much keen competition as we have been used to for a number of years past is really good for any game, it is difficult to say, and at least there seems to be a strong probability of a return being made, perhaps only temporary, to the "friendly" contest.

The great public given to any sporting event when the conditions have been normal has tended in some directions, perhaps, to place a false value on that particular contest, and it seems not at all unlikely that the conditions will be changed a little when the time arrives for sport to be generally resumed. Whatever effect the war may have on British sport, there is no reason to suppose that it will be a harmful one, for players will go back to their games with a freeness which is bound to be good for sport.

In ordinary circumstances, of course, the captains and secretaries of the various county cricket clubs would have met some time ago for the purpose of making all their arrangements for the season 1915, but these meetings have been postponed. Nevertheless, although there may not be much likelihood of a county championship competition being held this year, it would not be surprising if some of the counties arranged "friendly" games.

Of course, unless the circumstances have altered by then, some of the clubs would find it impossible almost to place a side in the field, for many of the leading players are serving with the colours. The smaller clubs would naturally be affected in the same way, but there are a good many men

too old for active service who would probably be inclined to get as much recreation and keep as fit as possible.

Several prominent men in the cricket world have expressed the view that there will be no county championship this year, but even so there is still the question of the upkeep of the ground staff to be considered, and this is one which will doubtless weigh very heavily with a committee in coming to any decision concerning the future. If expenses are to go on it will be very hard with some of the poorer clubs if the game is stopped altogether, for gentlemen as many supporters may be, it is a difficult matter in the best of times for some of the clubs to make both ends meet. For the time being, at any rate, matters must remain in abeyance, but whatever the future may have in store, it would seem to be the duty of clubmen to continue their support so far as is possible to enable their club to keep its head above water.

Although doubtless there will be a good deal of lawn tennis of a non-competitive kind, at some quite possible that the championships will not be played. Nothing, however, has been definitely settled, but the committee of the All-England Lawn Tennis Club has decided for the present to make no arrangements in connection with the championship. The Davis Cup, of which Australia is the holders, will be played, but the nations competing last year, in addition to Australia, were the British Isles, America, Canada, Belgium, France and Germany, and already it has been suggested that there is little likelihood of America's issuing a challenge.

No name could be affected more by the war than polo, but there seems to be a chance in London. At any rate, it is understood that dates for the two big tournaments at Hurlingham, the Champion Cup and the Inter-Regimental have been fixed. There must of course still remain a good deal of doubt whether it will be possible to decide any of the tournaments, but apparently, if it is possible to do so, the games will be played.

When it is remembered that a good proportion of those serving with the colours are interested in some kind of sport, it is easy to realise how difficult it must be to attempt to make anything like definite arrangements yet.—Observer (London).

## BY TELEGRAPH.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

## PANAMA EXPOSITION OPENED.

London, Feb. 21.

A telegram from San Francisco states that the Panama Exhibition has been opened by President Wilson pressing a button in Washington.

Forty-one nations are participating.

## DEATH OF A WELL-KNOWN INDIAN EDUCATIONIST.

London, Feb. 20.

A message from Poona announces the death of the Hon. Mr. Gopal Krishna Gokhale, C.I.E.

[The Hon. Mr. Gokhale, who was a member of the Bombay Legislative Council, was President of the Indian Congress in 1905. He also served as a member on the Royal Commission on Public Services in India in 1912. For many years he devoted himself with enthusiasm to the education of his Mahatma fellow-countrymen.—E.L.]

## NAVAL YARD RE-CREATION CLUB.

## PRESENTATION TO THE CHAIRMAN.

At a concert given in the Royal Naval Theatre on Saturday evening by the Naval Yard Recreation Club, Mr. E. R. Bates, its president, who is shortly leaving for England, was presented with a handsome silver casket subscribed for by the club members.

A large company witnessed the presentation, and enjoyed a musical programme.

Commodore Anstruther, in asking Mr. Bates to accept the gift, briefly reviewed the history of the club. At the time of Mr. Bates' arrival in the Colony in December 1911, he said, the membership was then but three dozen. In the following summer Mr. Bates was induced to take the office of Chairman; in June 1913 the membership had increased to six dozen, and now the membership had reached nine dozen, embracing practically the whole of the civil staff of the naval establishments. He was largely responsible for the deep interest now displayed in the club.

Which had placed the Dockyard Club in a position to win the Bellini Shield on two occasions and also to have twenty representatives in the Interport Team. By his interest and presence he had encouraged the whist drives which at one time were held but intermittently but had now become a fortnightly institution.

Further he had taken a keen interest in the promotion of a tennis section, with the result that the club was now the possessor of two of the finest concrete courts in the Colony. The Commodore humorously remarked that judging from the way the courts were patronised by the ladies, "the gentlemen had been given up" (laughter). He asked Mr. Bates to accept the presentation that he might ever remember the friends he was leaving in Hongkong, and the Dockyard Club, the success of which was so largely due to his efforts.

Mr. Bates, after thanking the commodore and members, said that he had thrown himself with energy into the club's activities as he was convinced that such an association of the members of the staff was a necessity, and in order to ensure that everyone should take an individual interest in club matters he had endeavoured to arrange matters that the majority of the members should be on committees. He had also seen that the club was at all times on a sound financial basis so that any crisis might be faced with impunity, and regretted that one seemed impending. He was of opinion that the inter-colonial society made for better work nationally, which was fully justified as it was the resultant esprit de corps which had enabled the Naval Yard to rise to the occasion in the recent preparations for war, with such successful results. He regretted leaving Hongkong, and said such a body of both officials and socially.

The musical programme was contributed by Mrs. Edwards, Misses Wilkes and Robinson. Mrs. Goodman, Messrs W. E. Clayton, Gladwell, Brock, Casway, Allan, Tucker, Burns and Williams. After the presentation had been made there was dancing till midnight.

## HONGKONG VOLUNTEER CORPS.

Corps Orders by Lieut.-Col. A. Chapman, Y.D.

There will be a Field Day on Sunday, 7th March.

Parades for Tuesday, 23rd instant, Nil.

Orderly Officer: Lieut. Danby.

Sergeant, Sergt. Barlow.

To furnish Guard to-night, Scouts Company.

To furnish Guard to-morrow, No. 2 Section Artillery.

## HONGKONG VOLUNTEER RESERVE.

Orders by Major Wakeman, O.C.H.K.V.R.

There will be a Field Day in conjunction with the Volunteer Corps on Sunday March 8th. Detailed orders will be issued later.

Leave from parades.

The privilege of granting exemption from particular parades granted to the Sergeant of Section 2 of O. Company is withdrawn and in future applications must be made to the O. C. the Coy.

ANNOUNCEMENT &c.

Further orders regarding care of arms, ammunition and assembly are being circulated.

POSTINGS.

Pts. T. L. Perkins is posted to Coy. O. Section &c.

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To furnish Guard to-morrow, No. 2 Section Artillery.

## SPORTING.

## CRICKET.

HONGKONG C.C. v. CIVIL SERVANTS.

The Hongkong Cricket Club entertained the Civil Servants team on Saturday the ending in a draw. The match was wholly in favour of the batsmen and scoring was conducted on a large scale. Displaying keen batting qualities the Servants were able to declare at 232 for seven wickets. Withall reached top score with 54 runs. Brown coming second with 48 and Mayr Robertson third with 43 not out. Peases made another remarkable stand for the club approaching a century to within three when he was caught by Brown of Martyn. His innings included one six and no less than 18 boundaries. Details:

CIVIL SERVANTS.	
P. T. Lamb, c Hancock, b Donnelly...	19
A. O. Brown, c Hancock, b Anderson...	48
C. D. Martyn, c Moore, b Maas...	25
F. L. Maas, lb w., b Hancock...	13
R. C. Withall, not out...	34
T. Sutton, c Anderson, b Pearce...	16
Hon. Claud Severn, b Anderson...	3
R. E. O. Bird, b Evans, and S...	43
Else did not bat...	0
Extras...	8
Total (for 7 wickets) 232	

Innings declared closed.	
D. E. Donnelly...	14
H. H. Taylor...	9
M. M. Maas...	6
H. R. Hancock...	8
R. N. Anderson...	2
T. E. Pearce...	2

CIVIL.	
T. E. Pearce, c Brown, b Martyn...	97
R. Hancock, b Martyn...	59
E. J. R. Mitchell, b Martyn...	8
M. M. Maas, b Bird...	12
H. H. Taylor, c Bird, b Severn...	11
S. S. Moore, not out...	14
R. N. Anderson, P. S. Leigh Bennett, R. Kennedy, A. L. Gace and D. B. O. Donnelly did not bat...	0
Extras...	22
Total (for 7 wickets) 191	

HOWLING ANALYSIS.	
R. E. O. Bird...	14
R. C. Withall...	7
C. D. Martyn...	3
Hon. C. Severn...	3
B. D. Evans...	2
Bowled a up-ball.	19

## TAMAR TEAM'S VICTORY.

The Civil Service II sustained a heavy defeat in their match with the Tamar team on Saturday.

The Tamar team, the navy men winning by a majority of 171 runs. Score:

HONGKONG C.C. v. CIVIL SERVANTS.	
French, b Watson...	2
Tennant, b Edmonds...	10
Dudley, c and b Ling...	1
Dudley, b Watson...	28
Bennet, b Ling...	74
Major Morgan, b Edmonds...	3
G. Fenmore, b Ling...	57
Forrest, not out...	2
S. F. A. Williams, not out...	0
Pender and Private Williams did not bat...	0
Extras...	12
Total (for 7 wickets) 203	

## DON'T RISK PNEUMONIA.

GET rid of every cold as quickly as possible. It is the forerunner of all pulmonary trouble, and pneumonia may develop in a few hours. Take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It is a simple thing to do, but the effect is marvellous. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

## BOWLING ANALYSIS.

Edmonds...	10.3	0	33	3
Ling...	8	0	34	3
Waterson...	5	0	40	3
Hill...	5	0	20	3
Wood...	3	0	30	0

CIVIL SERVICE II.	
C. J. Tuck, c and b Morgan...	0
F. Hill, c and b Morgan...	0
E. Wood, c and b Rapley...	4
J. Edmonds, c and b Morgan...	1
C. Sara, b Morgan...	4
W. Hall, b Morgan...	4
J. Watson, c and b Morgan...	4
Racon, b Rapley...	9
Ling, b Rapley...	0
Hamilton, not out...	1
Extras...	4
Total...	34

BOWLING ANALYSIS.	
Rapley...	4
Major Morgan...	1

The Police battal second to the University on Saturday on the Police Ground and showed inferior form, the Varsity total of 84 not even having been equalled. The match concluded before 5 o'clock. The bowling of Turnbull, who took seven wickets for 18 runs, was disastrous to the Police. Scores:

UNIVERSITY.	
H. W. Turnbull, c and b Grimsitt...	5
N. S. Brown, b Grimsitt...	15
G. E. Murley, run out...	12
Wei Wing Lok, c Watt, b Kelly...	4
Ng Sze Yuen, b Grimsitt...	3
F. Redmond, c Pitt, b Kelly...	20
Chan Fat Kweng, b Kelly...	1
C. C. Anderson, b Vickor...	13
J. D. White, b Kelly...	0
H. H. Ranshah, c Kelly, b Vickor...	4
Wei Wing Hon, not out...	12
Extras...	6
Total...	84

POLICE.	
Robertson, b Turnbull...	0
Grimsitt, b Turnbull...	0
Taylor, b Turnbull...	0
Bocker, b Anderson...	1
Withers, b Anderson...	0
Cooper, c and b Turnbull...	5
Kelly, run out...	5
Alexander, b Turnbull...	15
Pitt, c Marlow, b Turnbull...	0
Keld, b Turnbull...	0
Wat, not out...	0
Extras...	8
Total...	37

HOWLING ANALYSIS.	
R. E. O. Bird...	14
R. C. Withall...	7
C. D. Martyn...	3
Hon. C. Severn...	3
B. D. Evans...	2
Bowled a up-ball.	19

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Major Morgan, b Edmonds...	3
G. Fenmore, b Ling...	57
Forrest, not out...	2
S. F. A. Williams, not out...	0
Pender and Private Williams did not bat...	0
Extras...	12
Total (for 7 wickets) 203	

## DON'T RISK PNEUMONIA.

GET rid of every cold as quickly as possible. It is the forerunner of all pulmonary trouble, and pneumonia may develop in a few hours. Take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It is a simple thing to do, but the effect is marvellous. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

## A FORTY YEARS' TEST.

CHAMBERLAIN'S Cough Remedy has been curing coughs and colds for the past forty years and has gained in popularity every year. What better recommendation is required? For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

## A "PEG" WORTH TAKING!

## "KING GEORGE IV"



## Scotch Whisky

Known and appreciated everywhere for its purity, age, and digestive properties.

## DISTILLERS COMPANY, LIMITED

Largest Scotch Whisky Distillers in the World. Capital employed over £1,000,000. EDINBURGH, SCOTLAND.

## SOLE AGENTS:

## GANDE, PRICE &amp; Co., Ltd.

6, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong.

TEL. No. 135.











## TO LET.

**TO LET.**  
TWO SPACIOUS GODOWNS  
No. 108 and 108A, Praya, East.  
Apply—  
GANDE, PRICE & Co., Ltd.  
Hongkong, Feb. 20, 1915. 162

## TO LET.

**TO LET.**  
TWO or Three Large OFFICE ROOMS  
in Prince's Building, 114, electric  
light and water. Apply to the  
Landlord at Messrs. SANDER,  
WHEELER & Co.  
Hongkong, Feb. 20, 1915. 163

## TO LET FURNISHED.

**TO LET FURNISHED.**  
No. 6, STEWART TERRACE Peak  
from April to October.  
W. L. CARTER.  
Hongkong, February 17, 1915. 160

## TO LET.

**TO LET.**  
SMALL BUNGALOW, Barker Road,  
Tung, suitable for one or two  
bedrooms.  
Apply—  
"BUNGALOW"  
c/o "CHINA MAIL" Office.  
Hongkong, Nov. 5, 1914. 1150

## TO LET.

**TO LET.**  
THE PEAK. THE KENNELS.  
THE HONGKONG LAND INVEST-  
MENT AND AGENCY CO., Ltd.  
Hongkong, Oct. 8, 1914. 1074

## TO LET—FURNISHED.

**TO LET—FURNISHED.**  
BISHOP'S LODGE NORTH, No. 12,  
the PEAK. From 1st May next.  
For further particulars, apply to—  
PALMER & TURNER,  
Alexandria Buildings, 3rd Floor.  
Hongkong, Jan. 30, 1915. 58

## TO LET.

**TO LET.**  
LUGNLSLAND WEST, Peak Road,  
recently renovated, furnished,  
moderate rent.  
Apply to—  
THE CHINA PROVIDENT LOAN AND  
MORTGAGE COMPANY, Ltd.  
Hongkong, Nov. 13, 1914. 1152

## GREEN'S BUILDING.

**TO LET.**  
10 LET the South West portion of the  
first floor, including Treasury on  
Ground Floor, lately in occupation of the  
Jamaica Bank.  
GODOWN, No. 9 Ice House Street.  
OFFICES facing the Harbour between  
the Hongkong & P&O Office.  
Apply to—  
THE HONGKONG LAND INVEST-  
MENT AND AGENCY CO., Ltd.  
Hongkong, Feb. 11, 1915.

## TO LET.

**TO LET.**  
PLATS in HUMPHREYS BUILD-  
INGS and HOUSE, Kowloon.  
SIX ROOMED HOUSE in Midland  
Rov, Kowloon.  
FOUR ROOMED HOUSES at Kow-  
loon.  
Apply to—  
HUMPHREYS ESTATE & FINANCE  
CO., Ltd.  
Hongkong, Nov. 15, 1914.

## TO LET.

**TO LET.**  
No. 62, The Peak (No. 2 Cameron Villa).  
Furnished.  
"KIRKENDALL," Battery Path.  
"KIRKENDALL" furnished, No. 122  
Plantation Road, Peak.  
Small Bungalow adjoining "GREEN-  
SELLE" Barker Road, Peak.  
"RUGATE" Austin Road, Kowloon.  
From 1st February, 1915.  
ROOMS suitable for Offices on the  
First Floor of No. 3, Duddell Street.  
No. 7, "MOUNTAIN VIEW," Peak.  
No. 2 DES VOUX VILLAS, 51 Peak  
(unfurnished).  
"ELANDANAN" No. 54 Mount Kellett  
Road, 9 rooms unfurnished from 1st  
March.  
No. 1 Nathan Road Kowloon (No. 1  
Fairview) from 1st February.  
"SHORNCLEIFF" Garden Road to 1st  
furnished, (3 Rooms).  
Apply to—  
LINSTED & DAVIS.  
Hongkong, Feb. 12, 1915. 1027

## TO LET.

**TO LET.**  
HOUSES in OLIFTON GARDENS  
Conduit Road.  
1 HILLSIDE, 110, The Peak.  
GODOWN New Praya, Kennedy Town.  
GODOWNS at Vaucluse.  
23, WONGNEICHONG Road.  
Apply.  
HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT  
AND AGENCY CO., Ltd.  
Hongkong, Feb. 6, 1915. 840

## TO LET.

**TO LET.**  
HOUSE in Knutsford Terrace.  
THE HONGKONG LAND INVEST-  
MENT AND AGENCY CO., Ltd.  
Hongkong, Dec. 3, 1914. 128

## TO LET.

**TO LET.**  
HOUSE in Knutsford Terrace.  
THE HONGKONG LAND INVEST-  
MENT AND AGENCY CO., Ltd.  
Hongkong, Dec. 3, 1914. 128

## SHIPPING

## ARRIVALS.

February 20.  
Kuching, British steamer, 1,320, E. Forsyth,  
Manila Feb. 18, General.—BUTTERFIELD &  
SWIRE.  
Jade, French steamer, 290, J. Pannier,  
Haiphong Feb. 18, General.—W. JACK.  
Taiwan Maru, Japanese str., 1,145, H.  
Sakai, Port Perseus Feb. 13, Line Steamer.  
—LAURENCE.  
Yai Maru No. 2, Japanese str., 1,713,  
Itani, Wakamatsu Feb. 14, Coal.—M. E. K.

## February 21.

Haitan, British steamer, 1,183, J. W.  
Evans, Fenchow, via Amoy and Swatow  
Feb. 20, General.—DORLAND STEAMSHIP  
CO., Ltd.  
Rangoon Maru, Japanese str., 3,316, H.  
Nimura, Bombay via Singapore Feb. 14,  
NIPPON Yusen Kaisha.

Newcastle, British steamer, 2,391, H. E.  
Gibbs, Calcutta, February 19, General.—  
JARDINE, MATTHEWS & CO., Ltd.  
Fukang, British steamer, 1,987, T. A.  
Mitchell, Yokohama via Moji Feb. 19,  
General.—JARDINE, MATTHEWS & CO., Ltd.  
Kanchung, British str., 1,225, J. Gibbs,  
Shanghai Feb. 18, General.—BUTTERFIELD  
& SWIRE.

Shidzuoka Maru, Japanese str., 4,072,  
M. Uguichi, Shanghai Feb. 18, General.—  
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.  
Suwa Maru, Japanese str., 10,927, T.  
Murai, London Jan. 9, General.—N. Y. K.

## February 22.

Persia, British str., 2,744, John Hill,  
San Francisco Jan. 23, Mails and General.  
—P. M. S. S. Co.  
Hanoi, French steamer, 739, Ch. Le  
Chevalier, Haiphong and Peking Feb. 20,  
Rice and General.—A. R. MARY.

Chinghai Maru, Japanese str., 2,019, O.  
Sakamoto, Kobe via Moji Feb. 16, Gen-  
eral.—N. Y. K.

## PASSENGERS.

Per Nippon Maru, from Calcutta, &c., Dr.  
Gray and family, Dr. and Mrs. Weiss and  
family, Rev. and Mrs. Lucas, Rev. and Mrs.  
Schultz, Mr. Gray.  
Per Kanchung, from Shanghai, Mr. J. H.  
Dore, Capt. Ehrhard, Mr. Ramsey, Mr. F.  
L. Robbins, Mrs. McDonald.

Per Shidzuoka Maru, from Shanghai,  
Mr. V. Hamburger, Mr. V. Bjørre.

Per Suwa Maru, from London, &c.: for  
Hongkong, Mr. and Mrs. Whitaker, Mr.  
and Mrs. McGavin and 2 children, Mr. D.  
Wood, Mr. and Mrs. Jackson, Mr. E. P.  
Bathurst, Mr. E. A. Irving, Miss A. H.  
Askham, Mr. and Mrs. Baffelouf, Mr. Baffel-  
ouf and child, Miss I. Schiller, Mr. and Mrs.  
A. Bailey, Mr. L. H. Staitz, Mr. R. Craig,  
Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Adams, Miss E. C.  
Pechoso de Louisa, Mr. and Mrs. D. Adams,  
Mr. and Mrs. D. Adams, Mr. and Mrs. A. A.  
Koster, Mr. E. W. Adams, Mr. and Mrs. C.  
S. Lin, Miss T. L. H. C. Pechoso de Louisa,  
Mrs. C. Reid, Miss A. Reid, Miss P.  
Shirley, Miss B. W. Watkins, Miss A. M.  
Horne, Mr. S. Cazel, Mrs. A. C. Young-  
man.

Per Persia, from San Francisco, &c.,  
Mr. F. A. Allen, Mr. J. R. Arnold,  
Mr. L. Beck, Mr. Frank Boydard, Mr.  
Andrew Campbell, Miss Pearl Clayton,  
Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Clear and child, Miss  
George L. Cox, Capt. and Mrs. G. W.  
Conner, Mr. M. J. Cuffe, Mr. E. J. W.  
Conner, Mrs. E. A. Irving, Miss A. H.  
Askham, Miss R. Elliott, Master J. J.  
Elliott, Miss R. Elliott, Miss R. P. For-  
gan, and Mrs. C. P. Ferguson, Mr. F. L.  
Fisher, Mr. H. C. Fink, Mr. Louis Glass, Mr.  
L. D. Hargis, Mr. E. S. Hime, Mr. R. W.  
Hubbs, Mr. H. G. L. Miles, Mrs. J. M.  
Peele, Mr. E. A. Pierce, Mr. H. G. B.  
Rowler, Mr. H. B. Smith, Mr. J. P. Sator,  
Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Sattler, Mr. G. B.  
Thom, Mr. Wm. Williamson, Mr. F. M.  
Yates.

## SHIPPING REPORTS.

The British steamer Haitan from Swatow  
reports: Gentle E.N.E. wind, slight sea  
and fine clear weather.  
The British steamer Nanyang from  
Calcutta reports: Moderate monsoon and  
clear weather.

## To-day's Advertisements

## THEATRE ROYAL

FOR TWELVE NIGHTS ONLY!

COMMENCING MONDAY, 1st MARCH.

HENRY DALLAS

PRESENTS

R. B. Salisbury's Company

## THE QUANTS

IN PIERROT LAND.

(Direct from WYNDHAM'S THEATRE, LONDON.) Written and produced by R. B. SALISBURY.

Music by DICK HEWLETT and GEORGE BUCHANAN.

Plan, now open, at MOUTRIE'S.

Prices - \$3, \$2 and \$1.

Hongkong, February 22, 1915. 165

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions  
to Sell by Public Auction,  
(on account of the concerned),  
on

## THURSDAY,

the 4th March, 1915, at 11 a.m.,  
at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,  
Des Vaux Road, Corner of  
ICE HOUSE STREET.

AT THE ARMY SERVICE CORPS FIRE  
KOWLOON.

9 LARGE MULES & 1 CHINA PONY.

Terms:—As usual.

HUGHES & HUGHES,  
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Feb. 22, 1915. 169

## NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM EUROPE, COLOMBO AND  
STRAITS.

THE Company's Steamship,  
SUWA MARU,

having arrived from the above Ports,  
Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed  
that their Goods are being loaded and  
placed at their risk in the HONGKONG &  
GODOWN WHARF and GODOWN COMPANY'S  
Godowns at Kowloon, where each consignment  
will be sorted out mark by mark and  
delivery can be obtained as soon as the  
Goods are landed.

Original documents will be carried on unless  
instructions are given to the contrary  
before Noon, To-day.

Goods not cleared by the 28th February,  
will be subject to rent.

Damaged packages must be left in the  
Godowns for examination by the Con-  
signees and the Co.'s representatives at  
an appointed hour on TUESDAY and  
FRIDAY. All claims must be pre-  
sented within ten days of the steamer's  
arrival here, after which date they cannot  
be recognised. No claims will be admitted  
after the goods have left the Godowns.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA,  
Agents.

Hongkong, Feb. 22, 1915. 167

## PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP

## COMPANY.

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO, JAPAN,  
PORTS & MANILA.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo per Steamship  
PERSEA.

The above-mentioned vessel having  
arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby  
notified to send in their Bills of Lading for  
counter-signature and to take immediate  
delivery of Cargo from alongside. Cargo  
impeding discharge will be landed im-  
mediately at Consignees' risk and expense.  
Cargo remaining on board after WED-  
NESDAY, Feb. 24th, 1915 at noon will be  
subject to landing charges and if undelivered  
on SATURDAY, Feb. 27th, 1915 at  
2 p.m. will be subject to both landing and  
storage charges.

No Fire Insurance whatever will be  
effected.

All claims and other damaged cargo  
will be examined at the above Company's  
Godown on SATURDAY, Feb. 27th, 1915,  
at 10 a.m.

No claims will be entertained unless  
accompanied by short delivery note or list  
of exceptions taken at the time of delivery  
to Consignees and signed for and on behalf  
of the Pacific Mail S.S. Co.

All claims must be filed on or before  
March 8th, 1915 otherwise they will not  
be recognised.

R. Q. MORTON,  
Agent.

Hongkong, Feb. 22, 1915. 168

## SCOTTISH LETTER.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

EDINBURGH, January 11.

LORD ROSEBERRY ON CONSPIRACY.

Everyone is looking forward with eager-  
ness to the approach of spring, not now,  
alas, as in more placid times, for the  
coming of the crocus and the rattle pri-  
marose, the willow catkins and the hawthorn  
blossom. For a stern reason years ago  
for the strengthening of the sun and the  
clearing of the skies: that the great new  
armies may be able to take to the field,  
and between the heart-breaking dead-  
lock in the trenches at the front.  
We have really no certainties, how-  
ever, that the reinforcements will  
remove the deadlock. Everything depends  
on which side is able to muster the greatest  
number of soldiers, of the best quality, with  
the best equipment. Everything therefore  
turns on this point,—in France and Germany  
in Russia and Britain,—is purposely involv-  
ed in a dense fog. We here are asking our-  
selves, are we doing our fair share? Are we  
helping our Allies with our proper propor-  
tion of trained men? And, if we had  
more men, have we the equipment for  
them? These and like questions are exer-  
cising the minds of all thinking men in the  
country. It is only too plain that our  
political leaders are not satisfied with the  
response of the man of the street. Why  
do they then their frequent appeals to  
public as recruiting sergeants? Of late  
Lord Haldane and Lord Rosebery have  
spoken in various plain terms of the pos-  
sibility of conspiracy. Lord Kitchener  
has refused to give the answer to recruit-  
ing to date, without these figures, no  
doubt, only incomplete opinions can be  
formed; but it does not follow that there  
is nothing to be said, and Lord Rosebery  
put forward some points which it would  
be well that the British public should  
seriously ponder. He said it was a  
volunteer has always more honour than a  
conscript; and of course there is no credit  
in answering a call which one cannot  
escape. Then he went on to emphasise  
the gravity of the task before us. "We  
are engaged in a war the most unlimited  
that has ever been known in the history  
of the world," and yet he thinks that  
"scarcely realise its immensity." Two main  
points faced us with startling vividness.  
One is that "this nation is fighting with its  
back to the wall, and cannot give way  
without being utterly and completely sub-  
jected." The other is that "the last  
cannot give way until it has spent its last  
strength and its last man." The other is  
that Germany, the greatest military nation  
in Europe, has also its back to the wall,  
and "knowing well that if it is beaten in  
this war it is beaten down for ever." When  
such nations are engaged in a war, it is  
little less than a death-clutch, then you  
understand what is the nature of this  
war." Lord Rosebery further reminded  
us that a victory such as we desire "and  
which alone can conclude this war," must  
be "obtained by the pushing there is no  
other word for it—of millions of men  
against the millions of Austrians and  
Germans." Allowing for the strength of  
our Allies, that shows in general terms  
what the voluntary system in this country  
has to work up to. Can we raise these  
necessary millions under present condi-  
tions? Lord Rosebery did not presume to  
judge. All he said was that if the volun-  
tary system fails to give us a sufficient  
number, then "we shall soon see some  
system of compulsory enlistment"; and he  
believed that compulsory services would be  
welcomed by a great mass of his fellow-  
countrymen, who would be willing to under-  
some form of Imperial mandate of that  
kind, but who did not think that they  
should be singled out for active service  
while others remained at home.

Some years ago Lord Haldane made a  
pronouncement on the subject of compul-  
sory training which is not without its  
significance at the present moment. On  
January 28, 1909, when he was War Min-  
ister, he said,—"A question concerning  
to me is 'Why don't you ask Parliament to  
impose an obligation on all to serve for  
home defence? I have sympathy with that  
question. I think most people will agree  
that the 'slacker' who simply amuses  
himself and does nothing for his country  
is a poor creature, and if the time of need  
comes, the country will not doubt show what  
it thinks of him. Not improbably he will  
find a short and sharp act of Parliament  
passed, if we break out, compelling him  
to train himself and do duty in some  
inconvenient and unpleasant part of the  
country, where he will not have the  
prominence of the undoubted public  
esteem which is given to the man who  
trains himself as a volunteer for the defence  
of his native land."

## THE DUTY OF ARMY.

The Highland men are marching, Evan,

marching in their pride,

Down from stretching glen and moorland

and the far loch side.

Marching at the call of battle through the

natural wide

Of the north-bound haunts of Strathairny.

Bark! it is the Clanmen's tread—tis that

thou shouldst know?

Men with set and fearless faces, eager for

the foe!

Rise and take your rifle, lad, buckle on

and go.

From the old fond home in Strathairny.

Would to God I had again the strength that

once I knew.

When over Egypt's bloody sod we charged

the chosen crew.

And in the foremost fighting rank were

fifty hundred men.

From the far, far haunts of Strathairny.

Now the day of youth is past and years but

sorrow bring.

You are all I have to give for country and

for king.

You are all my treasure, Evan, go and

lustre bring.

To the fair, far name of Strathairny.

Go—and when the foe you meet as

soldier should be met.

When Death with reeking blade drives on

through fields of blood and sweat.

Remember that your father, lad, is praying

for you yet.

In the quiet, far haunts of Strathairny.

M. M.

## BEWARE OF COLDS.

CHILDREN are much more likely to

contract the contagious disease when

they have colds. Whooping cough, diph-  
theria, scarlet fever and consumption are  
diseases that are often contracted when a  
child has a cold. That is why all medical  
authorities are so wary of colds. For the  
quick cure of colds you will find nothing  
better than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.  
It always has depended upon and is  
pleasant and safe to use. For sale by all  
Chemists and Storekeepers.

## THE QUANTS.

We had a call to-day from Mr. Henry  
Dallas, well-known as an actor and the-  
atrical manager throughout the Far East,  
and who, as we have already announced,  
has now come direct from London with  
an exceptionally able Concert Party ap-  
propriately named "The Quants." They  
were very successful at such well-known  
west-end of London theatres as the Savoy,  
the Scala, Wyndham's, and the Hippo-  
drome, and they also had the honour of  
appearing on two occasions before the  
King and Queen. The Quants are  
stated to be a very talented combination,  
"delightful and original," and superior  
to any similar organisation ever seen in  
the Far East. They will make their  
debut at the Theatre Royal next Monday  
evening, March 1. Mr. Dallas' connec-  
tion with the Company is to us a guar-  
antee that we are about to see some-  
thing really clever.

If you have lost your appetite, one of  
the big variety of dainties at the  
ALEXANDRA CAFE is sure to tempt  
you.

## EXCHANGE.

Hongkong, February 22, 1915.  
On London—  
Bank Wire—1/6 1/2  
" On demand—1/6 1/2  
" 30 days' sight—1/6 1/2  
" 4 months' sight—1/6 1/2  
" Documentary, 4 months' sight—1/6 1/2  
On Paris—  
On demand—1/2 1/2  
" On 3 months' sight—1/2 1/2  
On Berlin—  
On demand—1/2 1/2  
On New York—  
On demand—42 1/2  
" On 60 days' sight—42 1/2  
On Bombay—  
On demand—139 1/2  
On Calcutta—  
On demand—139 1/2  
On Singapore—  
On demand—78 1/2  
On Manila—  
On demand—78 1/2  
On Shanghai—  
On demand—87 1/2  
" 80 days' sight (private paper)—87 1/2  
On Yokohama—  
On demand—87 1/2  
Gold Leaf, 100 fine (per fine)—107.99  
Sovereigns (Bank's Buying Rate)—111.10  
Silver (per oz.)—  
Bar Silver in Hongkong—4 1/2 prem.  
Chinese Copper Cash—... par.  
Chinese Copper Coins—... 8 1/2 dis.  
Rate of Native Imports—... 8 1/2 dis.  
Chinese Sub. Coin—... 31 1/2 dis.  
Hongkong Sub. Coin—... 16 1/2 dis.

## SHARE LIST.—QUOTATIONS.

FEBRUARY 22, 1915.

Stocks	No. of Shares	Value	Paid up	Closing Quotations	Remarks
<b>BANKS.</b>					
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Corp.	126,800	\$126	all	\$1705 ex div. buyers	
<b>MARINE INSURANCE.</b>					
Canter Insurance Office Co., Ltd.	10,000	\$250	all	\$350 buyers	
North-China Insurance Co., Ltd.	10,000	\$10	all	\$100 buyers	
Union Insurance Society, Ltd.	12,400	\$250	all	\$225 buyers	
Yangtze Insurance Assoc., Ltd.	12,000	\$100	all	\$225 buyers	
<b>FIRE INSURANCE.</b>					
China Fire Insurance Co., Ltd.	30,000	\$100	all	\$150 buyers	
Hongkong Fire Insur. Co., Ltd.	8,000	\$250	all	\$395 buyers	
<b>DOCK &amp; WHARF.</b>					
Hong & Wipac Dock Co., Ltd.	50,000	\$50	all	\$57 sellers	
New Amoy Dock Co., Ltd.	12,800	\$4	all	—	
Shanghai Dock & Wharf Co., Ltd.	64,700	Tls. 100	all	Tls. 51 buyers	
<b>STEAMSHIPS, STEAM, &amp; CO.</b>					
China and Manila S.S. Co., Ltd.	80,000	\$50	all	\$60 buyers	
Douglas Steamship Co., Limited	80,000	\$50	all	\$29 1/2 buyers	
H.K. & C. M. S. S. Co., Ltd.	80,000	\$10	all	\$24 sale	
Indo-China S. S. Co., Ltd.	60,000	\$5	all	\$66 buyers	
Star Ferry Company, Ltd.	40,000	\$10	all	\$35 buyers	
Shan Trans. & Trd. Co., Ltd.	1,500,000	\$1	all	\$57 buyers	
<b>REFINING.</b>					
China Sugar Company, Limited	80,000	\$100	all	\$100 sales	